

# XML : eXtensible Markup Language

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## 1. Introduction to XML [4]

- Web data for human consumption
  - HTML (Cfr. next slide)
  - Self describing: attribute names are included
    - but not explicitly separated from data values
- Web data for machine consumption
  - Characteristics of Semistructured Data:
    - object-like
    - schemaless
    - self-describing
  - XML
    - (optional) structure descr.: DTD, XML Schema

## HTML-document

```
<html>
<head><Title>Student List</Title></head>
<body>
  <h1>ListName: Students</h1>
  <dl>
    <dt>Name: Jan Vijs
    <dd>Id: 11
    <dd>Address:
      <ul>
        <li>Number: 123
        <li>Street: Turnstreet
      </ul>
    <dt>Name: Jan De Moor
    <dd>Id: 66
    <dd>Address:
      <ul>
        <li>Number: 4
        <li>Street: Hole Rd
      </ul>
    </dl>
  </body>
</html>
```

- Why is XML important?
  - simple open non-proprietary widely accepted data exchange format
- XML is like HTML but
  - no fixed set of tags
    - X = “extensible”
  - no fixed semantics (c.q. representation) of tags
    - representation determined by separate ‘stylesheet’
    - semantics determined by application
  - no fixed structure
    - user-defined schemas

### XML-document – Running example 1

```

<?xml version = "1.0"?>
<PersonList Type="Student" Date="2004-12-12">
  <Title Value="Student List"/>
  <Contents>
    <Person>
      <Name>Jan Vijs</Name>
      <Id>11</Id>
      <Address>
        <Number>123</Number>
        <Street>Turnstreet</Street>
      </Address>
    </Person>
    <Person>
      <Id>66</Id>
      <Address>
        <Number>4</Number>
        <Street>Hole Rd</Street>
      </Address>
    </Person>
  </Contents>
</PersonList>

```

- Global structure

- First line is mandatory;
- Tags are chosen by author;
- Opening tag must have a matching closing tag;  
`<a><b></b><c></c></a>`
- Only one root element `PersonList`;
- `<a> ... </a>`; **a** is the name of the element, content, child, descendant, parent, ancestor, sibling;
- `<PersonList Type="Student">` **Type** is name of the attribute of element `PersonList`; the value of the attribute is `"Student"` ; all attribute values must be quoted;

- empty elements: `<Title Value="Student List"> </Title>`  
`<Title Value="Student List"/>`

- processing instruction: `<? . . . ?>`

- comment: `<!-- here we go -->`

- mixed data-text:

```
<Address>
  Jan lives in <Street> Q Street </Street> number
  <Number>123</Number>
</Address>
```

- elements are ordered:

```
<Address>                                <Address>
  <Number>123</Number>                    <Street> Q Street </Street>
  <Street> Q Street </Street>              <Number>123</Number>
</Address>                                </Address>
```

are different

- weak facilities for constraints

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