

.NET Framework

Notes for Professionals

Chapter 6: ReadOnlyCollections

Section 6.1: Creating a ReadOnlyCollection

Using the Constructor

```
A ReadOnlyCollection is created by passing an existing List<T> object into the constructor:
```

```
var groceryList = new List<string>("apple", "banana");
var readOnlyGroceryList = new ReadOnlyCollection<string>(groceryList);
```

Using LINQ

```
Additionally, LINQ provides an AsReadOnly() extension method for List<T> objects:
```

```
var readOnlyVersion = groceryList.AsReadOnly();
```

Note

Typically, you want to maintain the source collection privately and allow public access after you obtain it.

```
var readOnlyGroceryList = new List<string>("apple", "banana");
```

```
// Great, but you will not be able to update the primary list because
```

```
// you do not have a reference to the source list anymore!
```

```
readOnlyGroceryList.Add("orange");
```

Section 6.2: Updating a ReadOnlyCollection

A `ReadOnlyCollection` cannot be edited directly. Instead, the source collection will reflect these changes. This is the key feature of the `ReadOnlyCollection`.

```
var groceryList = new List<string>("apple", "banana");
```

```
var readOnlyGroceryList = new ReadOnlyCollection<string>(groceryList);
```

```
var itemCount = readOnlyGroceryList.Count; // There are currently
```

```
// readOnlyGroceryList.Add("Candy"); // Compiler Error - I
```

```
ReadOnlyCollection<string> groceryList;
groceryList.Add("Vitamin"); // ...but they can be added
```

```
itemCount = readOnlyGroceryList.Count; // How there are 2 items
```

```
var lastItem = readOnlyGroceryList.Last(); // The last item is
```

```
new Demo
```

Section 6.3: Warning: Elements in a `ReadOnlyCollection` are not inherently read-only

If the source collection is of a type that is not immutable, elements accessed through a `ReadOnlyCollection` can be modified.

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Chapter 21: SpeechRecognitionEngine class to recognize speech

LoadGrammar Parameters

The grammar to load. For example, a `DictationGrammar` object to allow free text dictation.

RecognizeAsync Parameters

The `RecognizedMode` for the current recognition: `Single` for just one recognition, `Multiple` to allow multiple.

GrammarBuilder.Append Parameters

Appends some choices to the grammar builder. This means that when the user inputs speech, the recognizer can follow different "branches" from a grammar.

Choices constructor Parameters

The choices for the grammar builder. See `GrammarBuilder.Append`.

Grammar constructor Parameter

The `GrammarBuilder` to construct a grammar from.

Section 21.1: Asynchronously recognizing speech based on a restricted set of phrases

```
SpeechRecognitionEngine recognitionEngine = new SpeechRecognitionEngine();
GrammarBuilder builder = new GrammarBuilder();
builder.Append(new Choices("I am", "You are", "He is", "She is", "They are"));
builder.Append(new Choices("friendly", "unfriendly"));
recognitionEngine.LoadGrammar(new Grammar(builder));
recognitionEngine.SpeechRecognized += delegate(object sender, SpeechRecognizedEventArgs e)
{
    Console.WriteLine("You said: {0}", e.Result.Text);
};
recognitionEngine.SpeechRecognized += delegate(object sender, SpeechRecognizedEventArgs e)
{
    recognitionEngine.RecognizeAsyncRecognizeOnce(sender, SpeechRecognizedEventArgs e);
};
```

Section 21.2: Asynchronously recognizing speech for free text dictation

```
using System.Speech.Recognition;
...
SpeechRecognitionEngine recognitionEngine = new SpeechRecognitionEngine();
recognitionEngine.LoadGrammar(new DictationGrammar());
recognitionEngine.SpeechRecognized += delegate(object sender, SpeechRecognizedEventArgs e)
{
    Console.WriteLine("You said: {0}", e.Result.Text);
};
recognitionEngine.SpeechRecognized += delegate(object sender, SpeechRecognizedEventArgs e)
{
    recognitionEngine.RecognizeAsyncRecognizeOnce(sender, SpeechRecognizedEventArgs e);
};
```

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Chapter 19: Reading and writing Zip files

Section 19.1: Listing ZIP contents

This snippet will list all the filenames of a zip archive. The filenames are relative to the zip root.

```
using (FileStream fs = new FileStream("archive.zip", FileMode.Open))
using (ZipArchive archive = new ZipArchive(fs, ZipArchiveMode.Read))
{
    for (int i = 0; i < archiveEntries.Count; i++)
        Console.WriteLine($"[{i}]: {archiveEntries[i]}");
```

Section 19.2: Extracting files from ZIP files

Extracting all the files into a directory is very easy:

```
using (FileStream fs = new FileStream("archive.zip", FileMode.Open))
using (ZipArchive archive = new ZipArchive(fs, ZipArchiveMode.Read))
{
    archive.ExtractToDirectory(Path.Combine(Environment.CurrentDirectory, "extracted"));
}
```

When the file already exists, a `System.IO.IOException` will be thrown.

```
using (FileStream fs = new FileStream("archive.zip", FileMode.Open))
using (ZipArchive archive = new ZipArchive(fs, ZipArchiveMode.Read))
{
    // Get a root entry file
    archive.GetEntry("test.txt").ExtractToFile("test_extracted_getentry.txt", true);
    // Enter a path of what you want to extract files from a subdirectory
    archive.GetEntry("subdirectory/test.txt").ExtractToFile("test_sub.txt", true);
    // You can also use the Entries property to find files
    archive.Entries.FirstOrDefault(e => e.Name == "test.txt").ExtractToFile("test_extracted_Entries.txt", true);
    // This will throw a System.ArgumentOutOfRangeException because the file cannot be found
    archive.GetEntry("nonexistingfile.txt").ExtractToFile("full.txt", true);
}
```

Any of these methods will produce the same result.

Section 19.3: Updating a ZIP file

To update a ZIP file, the file has to be opened with `ZipArchiveMode.Update` instead.

```
using (FileStream fs = new FileStream("archive.zip", FileMode.Open))
{
    // NET Framework Notes for Professionals
}
```

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